

PROBLEM SET 9

Note Title

4/21/2009

S6 (a)

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}\{te^{-at}\} &= \int_0^{\infty} te^{-at} e^{-st} dt \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} t e^{-(s+a)t} dt \end{aligned}$$

Integration by parts:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Let } u &= t & dv &= e^{-(s+a)t} \\ du &= dt & v &= -\frac{1}{(s+a)} e^{-(s+a)t} \end{aligned}$$

$$= -t \frac{1}{(s+a)} e^{-(s+a)t} \Big|_0^{\infty} + \frac{1}{(s+a)} \int_0^{\infty} e^{-(s+a)t} dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{(s+a)^2} e^{-(s+a)t} \Big|_0^{\infty}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(s+a)^2}$$

S6 (b)

$$\mathcal{L} \left\{ \frac{d}{dt} (t e^{-at}) \right\} = s X(s) - x(0)$$

$$\text{where } x(t) = t e^{-at} \Rightarrow x(0) = 0$$

$$X(s) = \frac{1}{(s+a)^2} \quad \text{from part (a)}$$

$$= \frac{s}{(s+a)^2}$$

S6 (c)

$$\frac{d}{dt} (t e^{-at}) = -a t e^{-at} + e^{-at}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \left\{ \frac{d}{dt} (t e^{-at}) \right\} = -a \mathcal{L} \{ t e^{-at} \} + \mathcal{L} \{ e^{-at} \}$$

$$= \frac{-a}{(s+a)^2} + \frac{1}{s+a}$$

$$= \frac{-a + s + a}{(s+a)^2}$$

check

ST (a)

$$\mathcal{L} \left\{ \int_0^t e^{-ax} dx \right\} = \frac{X(s)}{s}$$

$$\text{where } X(s) = \mathcal{L} \{ e^{-at} \} = \frac{1}{(s+a)}$$

$$\therefore = \frac{1}{s(s+a)}$$

ST (b)

$$\mathcal{L} \left\{ \int_0^t y dy \right\} = \frac{X(s)}{s}$$

$$\text{where } X(s) = \mathcal{L} \{ t \} = \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s} \frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^3}$$

SG (c)

$$\int_0^t e^{-ax} dx = -\frac{1}{a} e^{-ax} \Big|_0^t = \frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{a} e^{-at}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \left\{ \int_0^t e^{-ax} dx \right\} = \frac{1}{a} \mathcal{L} \{1\} - \frac{1}{a} \mathcal{L} \{e^{-at}\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{a} \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{a} \frac{1}{(s+a)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{a} \frac{s+a - s}{s(s+a)}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s(s+a)}$$

check.

$$\int_0^t y dy = \frac{1}{2} y^2 \Big|_0^t = \frac{t^2}{2}$$

$$\mathcal{L} \left\{ \frac{t^2}{2} \right\} = \frac{1}{2} \mathcal{L} \{t^2\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (-1)^2 \frac{d}{ds} X(s)$$

where $X(s) = \mathcal{L}\{1\} = \frac{1}{s}$

$$\frac{d}{ds} X(s) = -\frac{1}{s^2}$$

$$\frac{d^2}{ds^2} X(s) = \frac{2}{s^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s} \frac{\mathcal{L}}{s^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^3}$$

check.

38 (a)

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{d}{dt} \sin \omega t\right\} = s X(s) - x(0)$$

$$\text{where } X(s) = \mathcal{L}\{\sin t\} = \frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$= \frac{s\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2} \quad x(0) = 0$$

38 (b)

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{d}{dt} \cos \omega t\right\} = s X(s) - x(0)$$

$$\text{where } X(s) = \mathcal{L}\{\cos \omega t\} = \frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$x(0) = 1$$

$$= s \frac{s}{s^2 + \omega^2} - 1$$

$$= \frac{s^2 - s^2 - \omega^2}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$= \frac{\omega^2}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

S8 (c)

$$\mathcal{L} \left\{ \frac{d^3}{dt^3} t^2 \right\} = s^3 X(s) - s^2 x(0) - s^1 x'(0) - \cancel{s^0} x''(0)$$

$$\text{where } X(s) = \mathcal{L} \{ t^2 \} = \frac{2}{s^3}$$

$$x(t) = t^2$$

$$x'(t) = 2t$$

$$x''(t) = 2$$

$$= \cancel{s^3} \frac{2}{\cancel{s^3}} - 1(2)$$

$$= 0$$

38 (d)

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{d}{dt} \sin \omega t\right\} = \mathcal{L}\{\omega \cos(\omega t)\}$$
$$= \omega \mathcal{L}\{\cos \omega t\}$$

$$= \frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2} \quad \text{check}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{d}{dt} \cos(\omega t)\right\} = \mathcal{L}\{-\omega \sin \omega t\}$$
$$= -\omega \mathcal{L}\{\sin \omega t\}$$

$$= -\frac{\omega}{s^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$= -\frac{\omega^2}{s^2 + \omega^2} \quad \text{check}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{d^3}{dt^3} t^2\right\} = \mathcal{L}\left\{\frac{d}{dt} t^2\right\}$$

$$= 0 \quad \text{check}$$

3Q (a)

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}\{-20 e^{-5(t-2)} u(t-2)\} &= -20 \mathcal{L}\{e^{-5(t-2)} u(t-2)\} \\ &= -20 e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}\{e^{-5t} u(t)\} \\ &= -20 e^{-2s} \frac{1}{s+5} \\ &= -\frac{20 e^{-2s}}{s+5}\end{aligned}$$

3Q (b)

$$\begin{aligned}x(t) &= (8t-8) [u(t-1) - u(t-2)] \\ &\quad + (24-8t) [u(t-2) - u(t-4)] \\ &\quad + (8t-40) [u(t-4) - u(t-5)] \\ &= (8t-8) u(t-1) \\ &\quad + [(24-8t) - (8t-8)] u(t-2)\end{aligned}$$

$$+ [(8t-40) - (24-8t)] u(t-4) \\ - (8t-40) u(t-5)$$

$$= 8(t-1) u(t-1)$$

$$- 16(t-2) u(t-2)$$

$$+ 16(t-4) u(t-4)$$

$$- 8(t-5) u(t-5)$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{x(t)\} = 8 \mathcal{L}\{(t-1) u(t-1)\}$$

$$- 16 \mathcal{L}\{(t-2) u(t-2)\}$$

$$+ 16 \mathcal{L}\{(t-4) u(t-4)\}$$

$$- 8 \mathcal{L}\{(t-5) u(t-5)\}$$

$$= 8 \left[\frac{e^{-s}}{s^2} - 2 \frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2} + 2 \frac{e^{-4s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-5s}}{s^2} \right]$$

$$= 8 \frac{[e^{-s} - 2e^{-2s} + 2e^{-4s} - e^{-5s}]}{s^2}$$